This "Service Contract" form is an editable PDF, but has areas that will need to be filled in on paper to complete processing.

Recommendations:

Step 1: Save the file to your personal file under your contact name.

Step 2: Fill in the areas of the form electronically that you can, OR if you don't have that capability, just print out and fill in the appropriate areas. The contract needs to have the detail of the VENDOR, the SCOPE OF WORK, the PRICING, BUDGET, and any other information defined clearly.

Step 3: Attach all associated quotes, and other info needed.

Step 4: Print out, sign and pass through to your Management and Brett Riley, VP of Administration for authorization.

• Service Contracts

There are 2 types of service contracts that can be created and executed at the college by staff and faculty. Please contact Brett Riley, Heather Maddy in the Administration Office, or Debra Maxwell in Fiscal Services to get the appropriate form to fill out for your contract.

1) Purchased Service Contract:

Professional or technical services provided by a consultant to accomplish a specific study, project, task, or other work statement for the College. (Plumbing, inspections, maintenance contracts, etc.)

2) Client Service Contract:

Professional or technical services provided by a consultant directly to WVC clients, i.e. **STUDENTS**. (Speakers at Graduation, DJ at a Dance, Zip Line at student event, etc.)

If you need any further information please contact:

- Brett Riley, VP of Administration 509-682-6515 briley@wvc.edu
- Debra Maxwell Fiscal Analyst/Contracts 509-682-6413 dmaxwell@wvc.edu
- Heather Maddy Administration 509-682-6514 hmaddy@wvc.edu



WASHINGTON STATE WENATCHEE VALLEY COLLEGE **SERVICE CONTRACT**

SHORT FORM - UNDER \$10,000

Check One:

PURCHASED SERVICE (Professional or technical services provided by a consultant to accomplish a specific study, project, task, or other work statement for the College)

CLIENT SERVICE (Professional or technical services provided by a consultant directly to WVC clients, i.e. STUDENTS)

THIS CONTRACT is made and entered into by and between Wenatchee Valley College, State of Washington, 1300 Fifth Street, Wenatchee, WA 98801, hereinafter referred to as the "COLLEGE", AND

or introducti, volucinos, vv. vocos i, noromanos relanda to do tilo de College, vivo
Contractor Name
Address
City, State & Zip
Phone
E-mail Address
Washington State UBI No.
Federal ID No.
reinafter, referred to as the "CONTRACTOR", for the express purposes set forth in the following provisions of this contract.

NOW THEREFORE, the COLLEGE and CONTRACTOR mutually agree as follows:

SCOPE OF WORK

[What is the contractor going to do? Be precise and specific. Include hours (from, to, and total), if applicable.]

PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE

Subject to other contract provisions, the period of performance under this contract will begin on , or date of execution, whichever is later, through

RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

All rights and obligations of the parties to this contract shall be subject to and governed by the Special Terms and Conditions contained in the text of this contract instrument.

COMPENSATION AND PAYMENT

Total compensation payable in one payment to CONTRACTOR for satisfactory performance of the work under this contract, as defined in the Scope of Work and/or Exhibit A shall be

Total amount shall not exceed

Prior to beginning the work outlined in Scope of Work or Exhibit A, CONTRACTOR will complete and submit the Substitute W-9 form provided by the COLLEGE.

CONTRACT MANAGEMENT

The contract manager for each of the parties shall be responsible for and shall be the contact person for all communications and billings regarding the performance of the contract.

Contract Manager for CONTRACTOR is:	Contract Manager for COLLEGE is:
Name	Name
Address	Address
City, State, Zip	City, State, Zip
Phone	Phone
Fax	Fax
Email	Email

CONTRACT CHANGES, MODIFICATIONS AND AMENDMENTS

This agreement may be changed, modified or amended only by written agreement executed by both parties.

NONDISCRIMINATION

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall comply with all federal and state nondiscrimination laws, regulations and policies.

INDEMNIFICATION

To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State of Washington, agencies, officials, agents and employees of the State of Washington, from and against all claims for injuries or death arising out of or resulting from the performance of the Contract. Contractor's obligation to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless includes any claim by Contractors' agents, employees, representatives, or any subcontractor or its employees.

Contractor expressly agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State for any claim arising out of or incident to Contractor's or any subcontractor's performance or failure to perform the Contract. Contractor's obligation to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State shall not be eliminated or reduced by any actual or alleged concurrent negligence of State or its agents, agencies, employees and officials.

Contractor waives its immunity under Title 51 RCW to the extent it is required to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the State of Washington and its agencies, officials, agents or employees.

SAFEGUARDING OF INFORMATION

The Contractor shall not use or disclose Personal Information in any manner that would constitute a violation of federal law, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) or any regulations enacted or revised pursuant to the HIPAA provisions and applicable provisions of Washington State law. The Contractor agrees to comply with all federal and state laws and regulations, as currently enacted or revised, regarding data security and electronic data interchange of all Personal Information.

The Contractor shall protect Personal Information collected, used, or acquired in connection with this Contract, against unauthorized use, disclosure, modification or loss. The Contractor shall ensure its directors, officers, employees, subcontractors or agents use it solely for the purposes of accomplishing the services set forth in this agreement. The Contractor and its Subcontractors agree not to release, divulge, publish, transfer, sell or otherwise make it known to unauthorized persons without the express written consent of COLLEGE or as otherwise required by law. The Contractor agrees to implement physical, electronic, and managerial policies, procedures, and safeguards to prevent unauthorized access, use, or disclosure of data in any form. The Contractor shall make the Personal Information available to amend as directed by COLLEGE and incorporate any amendments into all the copies maintained by the Contractor or its Subcontractors.

The Contractor shall certify its return or destruction upon expiration or termination of this Contract and the Contractor shall retain no copies. If the Contractor and COLLEGE mutually determine that return or destruction is not feasible, the Contractor shall not use the Personal Information in a manner other than those permitted or required by state and federal laws.

The COLLEGE reserves the right to monitor, audit, or investigate the use of personal information collected, used or acquired by the contractor through this contract. The monitoring, auditing, or investigating may include, but is not limited to, "salting" by COLLEGE. Salting is the act of introducing data containing unique but false information that can be used later to identify inappropriate disclosure of data.

The Contractor shall notify the COLLEGE in writing within 5 working days of becoming aware of any unauthorized access, use or disclosure. The contractor will take steps necessary to mitigate any known harmful effects of such unauthorized access including, but not limited to sanctioning employees, notifying subjects, and taking steps necessary to stop further unauthorized access. The Contractor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the COLLEGE for any damages related to unauthorized use or disclosure by the Contractor, its officers, directors, employees, Subcontractors or agents.

Any breach of this clause may result in termination of the contract and the demand for return of all Personal Information.

ASSIGNMENT

Neither party may assign, delegate or transfer in any manner the obligations and rights set forth in this Agreement without the written permission of the other party.

DISPUTES AND LEGAL ACTION

Both parties agree that this Contract shall be governed by the laws of the State of Washington, and consent to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the courts of Chelan County, in the State of Washington, for any disputes and legal actions arising out of this Contract.

ENTIRE AGREEMENT

This Agreement, including its attachment(s) and exhibit(s), is the entire agreement between the parties relating to the subject matter hereto and shall supersede all prior arrangements, negotiations, and understanding between the parties, whether oral or written.

SEVERABILITY

If any term, provision, covenant or condition of this Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the remainder of the provisions hereto shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated as a result of such decision.

<u>TERMINATION</u>

Either party may terminate this contract upon Fourteen (14) calendar days written notice to the other party. In the event of termination of this contract, the terminating party shall be liable for performance rendered prior to the effective date of termination.

VENDOR'S CERTIFICATE:

I hereby certify under penalty of perjury that the items and totals herein are proper charges for materials, merchandise or services furnished to the State of Washington and that all goods furnished and/or services rendered have been provided without discrimination on the grounds of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, or age.

THIS CONTRACT (*including Exhibit A if appropriate*), is executed by the persons signing below who warrant that they have the authority to execute the contract.

Contractor or Third-Party Worker Retirement Status Verification

Per WA State Law, employers need to verify the retirement status of a worker paid through accounts payable. Please let us know the following information: NO Did you retire from a DRS-covered plan? Will contracted services be under staff supervision? YES NO If answer is NO, a background check is required. WVC has my permission to run a background check. Contractor's Signature CONTRACTOR BACKGROUND CHECK AGREEMENT For the safety and security of WVC Students and Staff, if the contracted services will be executed WITHOUT staff supervision, then all independent contractors must successfully pass a Washington State Patrol ("WSP") criminal history background check. Wenatchee Valley College ("WVC" or the "College") must ask you to complete the following Contractor Disclosure Agreement. Please answer fully and accurately. The College will confirm your answers to these questions by running a WSP check for criminal convictions. A copy of the report will be made available to you upon your request. 1. Have you ever been convicted of a crime? If "yes", please identify the offense(s), provide the date(s) of the conviction(s), the name of the court, NO (e.g., Chelan County Court) and the sentence(s) imposed. YES 2. Have you ever had findings made against you for domestic violence, abuse, sexual abuse, neglect, exploitation or financial exploitation of a child or a vulnerable adult in any civil adjudicative proceeding? Civil adjudicative proceeding includes judicial or administrative proceedings as well as findings by DSHS or the Department of Health that you have not administratively challenged or appealed. NO YES If "YES", please identify the specific finding(s), which agency or court made the finding(s), the date(s) of the finding(s) and the penalty(s) imposed. I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the forgoing is true and correct. I understand that if I am hired for this service that I may be discharged for any misrepresentation or omission in the above statement. I also understand that if hired, my contracted service is conditioned on satisfactory results of the background check listed above. I have signed this Notification & Disclosure Statement on the date shown below at. County: City: State: I have been notified by Wenatchee Valley College Administrative Office that a WA State Patrol Criminal Background Check will be conducted on me. Signature Other Names Known by, including Maiden Social Security Number Date of Birth Today's Date



Wenatchee Valley College

1300 Fifth Street, Wenatchee, WA 98801 509-682-6514 | fax 509-682-6501

SIGNATURES

In Witness Whereof, the College and the Contractor have executed this agreement on the dates shown below. This contract is not valid until it is signed by both parties.

Contractor's Signature	
Printed Name of Contractor	
	College Representative's Signature
Title of Contractor	Brett Riley Vice President, Administrative Services
Company Name	Wenatchee Valley College 1300 5 th Street
Address	Wenatchee, WA 98801
E-Mail	Date
Phone	
FEDERAL I.D. NO. OR SOCIAL SECURITY NO. (For Reporting Personal Services Contract Payments to IRS)	
 Date	

STATE STATE				of Washingto ICE VOUCHE		AGENCY USE ONLY							
A19-1	A					AGENCY NO. LOCATION CODE P.R. OR AUTH NO.						10.	
AGENCY NAME						Instructions to	vendor or o	claimant: Su	bmit this fo	orm to cla	im payn	nent fo	r
Wenatchee Valley College Business Office 1300 Fifth Street Wenatchee, WA 98801 VENDOR OR CLAIMANT (Warrant payable to)						Wendor's Certificates to tals listed her furnished and/obecause of age, religion, or Viet	chandise or cicate: I here ein are pro or services n sex, marita nam era or (SIGN IN INI (TITLE)	services. She eby certify u per charges rendered ha al status, rac disabled ver	ow comple nder penal for materia ve been pr e creed, co terans stat	ete detail f lty of perj als, merch ovided wi olor, natio us.	or each ury that nandise of thout di	item. the ite or servi scrimin	ms and ces lation
FEDERA	AL I.D. I	NO. OF	R SOCIAL S	ECURITY NO. (For Rep	orting Persona	al Services	Contract F	'ayments	to IRS)			
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Prepare	ed by:			Phone/Ext.:		Date:	Paymer	nt Authoriz	ed by:		Date A	Author	rized:
Receive	d by				Date I	Received			Amoun	ıt			
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Accounting Approval for Payment Inv. Date In			ı. #		Gross Inv. Ar	nt.		Net Ir	າv. Tota	I			



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

► Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	1 Nar	me (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.									
	2 Bus	siness name/disregarded entity name, if different from above									
in page 3.	follo	eck appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Che owing seven boxes. Individual/sole proprietor or C Corporation S Corporation Partnership		one of		certa		ies, no	des appl t individu ge 3):		
e.		single-member LLC		00 0011		Exen	npt pay	ee code	e (if any)		
tş ç		Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partner	ship) ▶ _								
Print or type. Specific Instructions on page		Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member of LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner unless the canother LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. Otherwise, a single is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its own	wner of the	he LL(C is	COde	nption f e (if any		ATCA rep	orting	
čifi	l	Other (see instructions) >	Ci.			(Applie	es to accou	ınts maint	tained outsid	de the U.	S.)
Spe		dress (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions.	Request	er's na	ame	and ac	ldress (optiona	ıl)		
See			·				•	•	•		
S	6 City	, state, and ZIP code									
	7 List	account number(s) here (optional)									
Pai	t I	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)									
Enter	your T	IN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to av	oid	Socia	al se	curity	numbe	r			
		holding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for	or a								
		 n, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to ge 	t a			-		-			
TIN, I		your omproyer racination manifest (=1.1), it you do not have a named, occition to go		or		_					
Note:	If the	account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see What Name	and [Emp	loye	r ident	ificatio	n numl	oer		
Numb	er To	Give the Requester for guidelines on whose number to enter.									
						-					
Par	t II	Certification								•	
Unde	r penal	ties of perjury, I certify that:									
2. I ar Sei	n not s vice (II	ner shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for ubject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) RS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest of subject to backup withholding; and	I have r	ot be	en r	notifie	d by th	e Inte			
3. I ar	n a U.S	S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and									

4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

		r, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments equired to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.	
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ►	Date ►	

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to *www.irs.gov/FormW9*.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

• Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; do not leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. Sole proprietor or single-member LLC. Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation
 Individual Sole proprietorship, or Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. 	Individual/sole proprietor or single- member LLC
LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
Partnership	Partnership
Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11-A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
 - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
 - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581
 - K-A broker
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester,* later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

	<u>'</u>
For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account 1
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

- ¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.
- ² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.
- ³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN.
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to <code>phishing@irs.gov</code>. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at <code>spam@uce.gov</code> or report them at <code>www.ftc.gov/complaint</code>. You can contact the FTC at <code>www.ftc.gov/idtheft</code> or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see <code>www.ldentityTheft.gov</code> and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

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